

The papers. A few days afterward an anonymous letter was left at the house of Mr. Jacobs, informing him that if he paid the \$100, his papers would be returned; the letter also stated that if he consented to do so, he would also be informed as to the whereabouts of the papers. Accordingly Mr. Jacobs advertised as directed, and the time appointed for a meeting. Mr. Jacobs, who had appeared with the papers, which he alleged he had found in an unfinished building in Division-st. Mr. Jacobs, feeling rather skeptical as to the honesty of Mr. McDonald, paid him \$20 at that time, but promised him the balance on a future occasion. On Wednesday the balance on the corner of 30th-st. and 4th-av. by the servant girl, who he stole a pocket-book containing \$150. When in bank bills, together with a watch valued at \$20. When the robbery came to light, Mr. Van Kleeck called upon the above-named officers to look up the thief, and after diligent inquiry, they ascertained, to their satisfaction, that the servant girl was connected with it. She was accordingly arrested, when the developments above related transpired, which led to the arrest of McDonald and the recovery of the stolen property. The accused were taken before Justice Stuart, who committed them to prison for a further examination.

**CHARGE OF INFANTICIDE.**—A German woman named Mary Weigel, residing at the boarding-house No. 103 Washington-st., was yesterday arrested charged with causing the death of her babe. The child, which had been born but a few hours, was found by Officers Dwyer and Hays in the sink in the rear of the premises above named; life was however extinct. The coroner held an inquest upon the body, when evidence was adduced showing that it had been born alive. The following verdict was rendered by the jury: "The jury find that the deceased came to its death at the hands of its mother, from criminal neglect and want of proper care." On the rendition of the verdict, the accused was sent to the Alms House, there to remain until so far recovered as to allow of her commitment to await the action of the Grand Jury.

**STEALING A WAGON.**—Chas. C. Maloy was yesterday arrested, charged with stealing a wagon worth \$500, which he was offering for sale when arrested. He confessed his guilt, and was committed.

**CHARGE OF PICKING POCKETS.**—The following named persons were yesterday arrested by Officer O'Keefe, of the Chief's office, and committed by Justice O'Brien for examination on a charge of being pickpockets—John Fitzpatrick, Henry Wilson, James Wilson and John Kirkland.

**GRAND LARCENY.**—Patrick Moore was yesterday arrested, charged with stealing clothing valued at \$45, at Bull's Ferry, the property of Patrick Anderson. Committed for examination.

**SUICIDE.**—The body of an unknown man was found yesterday morning, suspended by the neck, in a barn on King's Bridge road, near Fort Washington. The body, which had an appearance had been hanging for several hours, was cut down by a policeman of the Twelfth Ward, who notified the Coroner to hold an inquest upon it.

**ACCIDENT.**—A lad named Patrick Brady, ten years of age, fell down the hatchway of a ship lying at pier No. 6 North River, and was seriously injured. He was removed to the New-York Hospital. The accident occurred on Tuesday evening.

**ACCIDENTALLY DROWNED.**—James Van Cott, a hand on board the sloop G. A. Gray, was drowned on Monday night, by the upsetting of that vessel when near Rye Island, a squall having suddenly struck her. The deceased boarded with Mrs. Davis, at No. 265 Livingston-st. The body was recovered, upon which the Coroner will hold an inquest.

**BOARD OF ALDERMEN.**—Wednesday, June 7.—Richard S. Compton, Esq., in the Chair, and a quorum present. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

**Petitioners Referred.**—Of Gilbert Hopkins, C. W. Houghton, and other citizens of Williamsburgh, to grant franchise to John J. Hicks; of W. R. Stewart and others, to pave Thirty-fourth-st., from Broadway to Eighth-av.; of John Baker and others, to have lots in Eleventh and Twelfth sts. fenced; of Niagara Engine Company, No. 4, for repairs to the engine; of Engine Company No. 9, for an increase of 10 men; of Engine Company No. 45, for a new engine; of Engine Company No. 36 for a new house on Sixty-eighth-st., in Bloomingdale; of Peter Hart and others, for a Sewer in Third-av.; of residents of Union-square, asking that the Harlem Railroad Company be required to relay their road with grooved rail in that vicinity; of several, for a Sewer in Eleventh-av. and Forty-fourth-st.

**Reports Adopted.**—To pay Wm. Mable for extra work on Pier No. 12 North River; to purchase a site for Engine Company No. 16; to open One-hundred and Twentieth-st., from Fourth to Sixth-avs.

To amend the mode of setting curb and gutter stones in 4th-st., between Sixth and Seventh-avs.

**Communications.**—From the Controller for an additional appropriation of \$122,000 for payments of claims on account of real estate for the balance of 1882. Adopted.

**Petitioners Referred.**—Of the Commissioners of Emigration, for the four lots on the east corner of First-av. and Twenty-sixth-st., for the accommodation of newly arrived emigrants, in place of the present location, or some other suitable situation. Of Jan. Van Riper and others, to grade Forty-second-st., from Tenth-av. to Hudson River. Of T. B. Bailey, T. B. White & Co., and others, to have State-st. widened by removing the Battery fence from its present position so as to make said street 100 feet wide.

**Communication.**—From the Street Commissioner, being in answer to a resolution of inquiry into the practicability of removing rock from slip at the foot of Jackson-st., E. R., with estimate of the cost thereof from M. M. McKeefer. Referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

**Message from the Mayor.**—A message was received from the Mayor recommending W. H. Caniff for the office of Surveyor, which was accepted and the nomination rejected by a vote of 14 in negative to 4 in affirmative. Another communication was received from the Mayor nominating Alexander B. Whiting for the office of Health Commissioner, which nomination was also rejected by vote 14 to 4. The Board adjourned to Friday.

**BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.**—Wednesday.—Petitions of Washington Irving House No. 44 for five additional men; of Hose Co. No. 44 for an appropriation to paint and repair the house; also that the Croton water be introduced—also that the lot be filled up, &c.

**Remonstrances.**—Of Universalist Church, corner of Bleeker and Downing-sts., against the laying of rails and running of cars through Bleeker-st.—Laid on the table. Of French, Sanderson & Co., against running rails in Bleeker-st. from Carmine to Thompson.—Same. Of M. E. Gillen and others, against running Sixth-av. Railroad through Bleeker-st.—Same.

**Communication.**—From proprietors of Butte's Hotel, announcing that Hon. Keuben Wood, Governor of Ohio, is sojourning at said Hotel.—To Special Committee.

**Resolution.**—On Report of Controller, to purchase two lots on the south-west corner of First-av. and Fifth-st., at the sum of \$10,000, for the use of the Seventeenth Ward Police, the District Court for the Eleventh and Seventeenth Wards, and the Engine Co. at present located in Third-st. Concurred in.

**Report in relation to the change of route of the Sixth-av. Railroad.** Assistant Ald. Brown offered the following as a substitute, in amendment, for the first resolution of the report:

**Resolved,** That the route of the Sixth-av. Railroad be, and the same be hereby changed from the present location, so as to run as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the intersection of Chambers-st. and West Broadway, running thence, with a double track, through West Broadway to Canal-st., through Canal-st. to Varick-st., through Varick-st. to Carmine-st., through Carmine-st. (Sixth-av.) to intersect with the original grant of the Sixth-av. Railroad Co.

The report and resolutions, as amended, were concurred in by all present.

Motion, that three additional members be added to the Special Committee on the Sixth and Eighth-av. Railroads. Amended, that there be an addition of four Carried, and Assistant Ald. Wells, Brown, Mabbitt and Tait appointed.

The Board then adjourned to Friday afternoon at 6 o'clock.

**SUPERIOR COURT.**—Before Judge Sandford.—Peter Roy vs. John A. Gwyn.—To recover damages for injury to child by selling tincture of opium labeled of tincture of rhubarb.

—Plaintiff alleges that defendant keeps a drugstore or apothecary's store at No. 427 Greenwich-st., corner of Light-st. on 10th Oct. 1851, a little daughter of plaintiff, about seven years of age, being somewhat unwell, his mother sent a sister of the child, a young lady about fourteen years of age, to the store of defendant to get three cents worth of tincture of rhubarb; that the young lady there saw a lad, a clerk of defendant, to whom she showed her errand. The clerk placed in a tumbler she had brought with her for the purpose, what she supposed to be tincture of rhubarb, which she took home, and her mother administered it to the child—but subsequently found that the child became ill, and a physician was sent for. It continued for three or four days in imminent danger, and it was discovered that tincture of opium had been sent by the clerk at defendant's store instead of rhubarb. The suit is to recover \$500, expense of physician's bill, attendance, loss of time to plaintiff, &c.

On behalf of plaintiff, it was said that defendant was not a druggist himself, but kept the store to make money, having in charge of it Mr. Patterson, who is acquainted with the business—that complaints had been made against the lad, who was unacquainted with the business and had made mistakes before, and Mr. Patterson suggested to defendant to discharge him, but he was retained, having been recommended by a physician who sent prescriptions to the store.

In defense it was deposed that the lad was incompetent—it was also said that Mr. P., the agent, had charge of the business, &c. Verdict for plaintiff, \$50, and costs.

**Hannah Brophy, admr., agt. Kipp & Brown.**—To recover damages arising from death of husband of plaintiff, run over by an omnibus in Canal-st., already referred to. It was shown that deceased was newly blind, passed in front of the omnibus in question, and meeting another nearly on a line with it, became alarmed, and retreated in the wake of the one that struck him, the driver of which instantly endeavored to hold up. The jury could not agree, and were discharged.

**William Moutry, Assignee of John Taylor.**—To recover \$3,500 alleged to have been obtained at gambling by defendant, from John Taylor, at the houses of said William, first at No. 153 Broadway, and subsequently to where he had removed his establishment (said to be a gaming house) in Liberty-st.

Mr. Taylor, it was said, belonged to Danbury, Ct., where he had a comb-manufactory. The claim having been assigned, he was called as a witness. He said, in and shortly before December 1850, he played faro at house No. 153 Broadway, and lost over \$2,000—defendant removed to No. 91 Liberty-st., where said T. subsequently lost at one time \$50, at another \$1,051, at another \$150, and another \$300.

On his cross-examination he said he had visited two other houses—they were in Park-place—might have lost \$400 or \$500. Was at another house on Broadway, but lost nothing there—might have been at No. 1 Barclay-st. Occasionally won a little, but the run was on his other way.

It was said that Mrs. Taylor, wife of the witness, received about \$7,000 from her father's estate. Mr. T. also borrowed \$1,000 from his mother, being about half that she possessed, and for which the mortgage was foreclosed—he had a fine establishment, it was said, as a comb-manufactory, but failed for some \$12,000 or \$15,000—he and his family now reside in New York, where he pursues the business of a carman. He is said to be a sober man, but became infatuated, at the period spoken of, by visiting houses for gaming. The District Attorney, (counsel employed), of the county in Connecticut, came to New York, on behalf of the mother and the creditors, and this suit was the result.

The particular point of defense was that no consideration had been shown to have been given by plaintiff for the claim; that plaintiff is the attorney at law and that the statute prohibits a debt being sold for the purpose of litigation. The Court said it was a question for the jury as to whether there had been any consideration or not. In regard to the main question, if the money had been obtained by defendant as represented, he is bound, in law, to pay it back.

Verdict for plaintiff, \$2,245, being amount proved to have been lost.

**Special Term.—Before Judge Durr.**

**Matthew Morgan, and others, agt. Gustavus Broke, Wm. Nibbs, and Chas. Donetti.**—Application was made by plaintiff, owners of the Astor place Opera House, to prohibit defendants from exhibiting a series of pantomime performances, by a troupe of animals, consisting of monkeys, dogs and goats, styled, "Donetti's troupe of performing animals," it being said that the Opera House was leased to Mr. Broke with the understanding that it should be used for theatrical performances of the most respectable character. The temporary injunction was granted, with an order to show cause to-day. The counsel for defense appeared to oppose the motion to continue, and to make a motion to dissolve the temporary injunction. On the part of plaintiff, it was alleged that defendants were in contempt, and could not be heard, having violated the injunction by performing. To this it was replied, the house was filled before the injunction was served. An order to show cause why an attachment should not issue was granted, returnable at 4 o'clock.

In the afternoon, the parties appeared, Judges Durr and Bosworth on the Bench. A doubt arose in the minds of the Judges, as to whether the terms of the lease had been infringed, and it was decided to rescind the order for temporary injunction, the matter being left with Judge Bosworth to consider the proper construction of the terms of the lease.

**Circuit Court.**—Before Judge Edwards.—*DeLaure and Hudson Canal Co. agt. William Thompson.*—To test the validity of a levy on canal boats Nos. 211 and 273. Mr. T. is a constable, and levied upon the boats, on executions for \$29 and \$50 against George Jones, who, it was alleged, was owner of the boats. This was denied by the Company, who took them back, on giving bond to abide the suit. Verdict for plaintiff, valuing the property at \$500, subject to the opinion of the Court.

**Frederick Baily, agt. Isaac Newton.**—Plaintiff says that in December last, being on his way to New York, from the West, he put on board the steam boat Hendrick Hudson, between 8 and 9 o'clock in the evening, two trunks and also took passage. That the trunks contained dry goods and fancy articles worth \$1,000. That the trunks were put into the baggage room, and the weather becoming bad, a large portion of the baggage, among it the trunks in question were injured, and on appraising the contents of the trunks, they were found to be two-thirds damaged. He brings action against the owner of the steamboat to recover amount. In defense, it is said that the trunks were placed on board as plaintiff's luggage, and he should have looked after it; which, in reply was denied; it being asserted to have been freight, and intended to be paid for as such. The case is on.

**COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.**—Wednesday.—Before the Recorder and Ald. Denman and Ward.—*The Grand Jury.*—At the opening of Court the following named gentlemen were sworn to serve as Grand Jurors for the term: James S. Liffey, Foreman; Amos F. Hatfield, Alm. Mage, Patrick Merrick, John Moudring, Richard Tyler, Edwin Bunnell, Francis Ross, John Boyd, Oliver E. Hosmer, John S. Hadley, Stephen W. Jones, Geo. D. Penhance, Martin Waters, Peter Anderson, Samuel S. Constant, John C. Calhoun, Samuel Frost, John W. Howe, Wm. F. Havemeyer, James E. Rodgers, W. H. Van Kleeck and James B. Jilley.

The Grand Inquest were charged by Ald. Ward, who dwelt particularly upon the increase of riots and rowdiness, and the alarming insecurity of life in our midst.

**Trial for Embezzlement.**—John W. McAlpin was placed on trial, charged with embezzling the sum of \$235.50,

the property of his employer, Mr. Wm. Porter. The case was not concluded when the Court adjourned for the day.

**MARINE COURT.**—Before Judge Lynch.—June 4, 1882.—*John Adams, Treasurer New-York Hospital, agt. Martin K. Wilson.*—This is a demurrer to the complaint of the plaintiff, which claims a penalty of \$500 and costs for a violation of the 34 section of the Port of New-York, passed March 16, 1850, which violation is charged to have been committed by the defendant, as follows: That he had charge of unloading a vessel called the Druid, at one of the piers on the East River, in the District of Henry Kipp, Harbor Master; that he refused to obey said Harbor Master in regard to the discharging the cargo, and placed on the pier adjacent to said vessel 173 bbls. of sugar and 60 bbls. of molasses, contrary to such order, and rolled and placed said hogheads across and upon said pier, so as to obstruct the passage-way on said pier to and from other vessels, so that the same became blocked up.

To this complaint the defendant has demurred, on the ground, 1st. That the plaintiff has not shown that the offense was committed on a pier which was private property. The statute upon which the complaint is founded embraces all the piers, and the subsequent act, which limits the operation of the statute to private property, should be set up by way of answer, or may be taken advantage of on the trial. Therefore, the demurrer is not well taken on the first ground.

2d. That the offense is not within the statute. By the 34 section of the act of 1850, authority is given to the Harbor Master to regulate and station ships and vessels within the limits of the City and the wharves thereon, to move such vessels and determine and give directions persons having charge of ships and vessels as to what they shall do to accommodate each other, and, in case of neglect or refusal to obey the directions of such Harbor Master in matters within his authority to do so, to move such vessels and determine and give directions persons having charge of ships and vessels as to what they shall do to accommodate each other, and, in case of neglect or refusal to obey the directions of such Harbor Master in matters within his authority to do so, to move such vessels and determine and give directions persons having charge of ships and vessels as to what they shall do to accommodate each other, and, in case of neglect or refusal to obey the directions of such Harbor Master in matters within his authority to do so, to move 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